

Table with 2 columns: Term, Price. Rows include Daily, Weekly, Monthly, Quarterly, Semi-Annual, Annual rates.

OFFICIAL PAPER OF THE CITY.

Janesville Daily Gazette.

VOLUME 8. JANESVILLE, WIS., FRIDAY, APRIL 22, 1864. NUMBER 46.

The WEEKLY GAZETTE is now the largest paper published in the State, and having the matter published in the DAILY GAZETTE, we challenge comparison with any newspaper in Wisconsin. In correct political opinions, in reliable market reports, in giving the latest news from all quarters, in literary matter and in local information relating to this city and county, we shall spare no pains to make the WEEKLY GAZETTE worthy of public patronage and support.

THE NEWS.

Deserters that came into our lines yesterday confirm the reports that Longstreet had joined Lee, and they also state that nobody believes that Lee's army does not comprise more than 50,000 men. Lee's available force must be much larger.

General Grant has left for the front, and Burnside for Fortress Monroe. There are intimations that the rebels are at their old tricks again, and are maneuvering to get Grant to take a race with them through the Shenandoah Valley *a la* Banks.

The Governors of some of the Western States, including Governor Lewis of our State, have been in consultation with the President in relation to matters pertaining to the defense of the States thus represented.

The Sioux Indians and the Ohio Copperheads, (the malignity and diabolism of the latter being much more manifest and vindictive than that of the former,) are again giving their peaceable neighbors cause for alarm, as will be seen by reference to the telegraphic column.

Our afternoon report is again cut short for some reason unexplained as yet. If the telegraph company was as prompt in furnishing its reports as it is in collecting its bills, it would be a great pleasure to deal with it.

As it is now managed, it is a pitiable nuisance, and ought to be declared so by the Legislature. We trust the time will come when a competing line will give the long-suffering public some relief and some redress from this grievance.

The fault, of course, is not with this office. WHILE Congress is hickering and quarrelling over the rebel speeches of HARRIS and LOXIE, the nation is being rapidly whirled onward towards the verge of a financial precipice where ruin and destruction await us below.

Our rulers seem to stand in fear of adopting any measures of taxation or reform that will relieve our trade of this plethora of paper money, and so they hesitate, vacillate, and delay. The New York correspondence of the Boston Journal writes that "New York is uneasy to day in all her departments of trade. The state of things is very peculiar. A short time since our banks had fifty millions in gold; they have now but twenty. The state of feeling is feverish. Buyers are shy. Our heaviest merchants say that no goods can be sold unless they are offered less than cost. Stewart, Claflin & Co., and men of this class, are selling goods at a loss. Cottons and woollens cannot be sold else, and buyers are few at that. Men who sold out in January are considered fortunate. In Wall street several heavy failures have taken place. More will follow. One man undertook to carry eight millions of gold but it crushed him to the earth."

And yet Congress refuses to avert the impending crisis or apply the remedies that might cure this financial malady, with which we are threatened. They underestimate the willingness of the country to be taxed, and seem to be oblivious to the fact that the people are willing to bear any burdens and submit to any sacrifice to put an end to this war. But Mr. Memminger, who runs a paper mill down in Richmond, is not so much afraid of levying taxes upon the Southern people. He has just issued the following proclamation:

"TREASURY DEPARTMENT, C. S. A. RICHMOND, April 21, 1864.—The tax of ten per cent. per month on the hundred dollar notes commences on the second day of May, 1864, and is to be rated on the face value. Portions of the month are not to be charged. You will, therefore, deduct ten dollars additional from each hundred dollar note presented on or after the second day of May, and of each succeeding month."

O. G. MEMMINGER, "Secretary of Treasury." "Ten per cent. per month" must give any people, however rich and prosperous, a tolerable idea of what it costs to support a government, though a bogus one, and carry on a war. Such a fact ought to incite our sluggards in Congress to some sort of action, and the example of what the rebels are doing and the sacrifices they are making, ought to induce them to aid the people not only in stimulating all our military enterprises but in devising ways and means whereby public credit and private property may be saved from the loss and depreciation that must follow in the train of the financial storm which now threatens to sweep over the loyal states.

A auto April fool trick was played upon the gents of an eastern city in this wise: Some lively young ladies concocted a passionate love letter, which wound up with the request that the receiver should meet the writer on the next evening with a white rosette in his button hole, under the post office clock. This epistle they sent to divers gentlemen of their acquaintance. The result was that fifty-two young men with white rosettes in their button holes, assembled at eight o'clock next night, under the post office clock. They saw the joke and enjoyed it gloriously.

The copperhead candidates for Vice Presidents pughed at Washington, are George E. Pugh, Seymour of Connecticut, Fernando Wood, Judge Woodward, of Pennsylvania, and Wyckliffe, of Kentucky.

It is proposed to use the White House for the Department of State and for official receptions and to build the President a new house in the suburbs of Washington.

A ROMANTIC young man says that a woman's heart is like the moon—it changes continually but always has a man in it.

GENERAL PARAGRAPHS.

The "Fenian Brotherhood" have opened a fine new hall in Boston. We respect him who can more easily make a hymn than a joke—a grace at meat, than a dinner speech.

The present valuation of the corporation property in New Orleans is \$12,960,000. Since April of last year the special relief agents of the Sanitary Commission in Boston have aided over eleven thousand soldiers.

A man in Lewiston, Me., some time ago had his life insured for \$2,000 and immediately went into a decline. The company bought his policy.

Seven hundred of the released Union prisoners from Richmond are to be removed to the Jarvis Hospital in Baltimore. They are sick, suffering and destitute.

A few years ago, to settle an estate, a parcel of timber land in Mount Holly, Vt., was appraised at the value of one hundred dollars. The same land has recently been sold for thirty-three hundred and seventy-five dollars.

Yale College has received or has been promised to receive half a million dollars within a few months, and Governor Buckingham has recently swelled the fund by a gift of \$25,000.

The workmen on the Chicago Lake Tunnel are now digging in blue clay at a depth of about eighteen feet. They have thus far been troubled by the influx of water, which deposits sand nearly as fast as it can be removed.

The largest tree in Western Massachusetts, the old elm in Springfield, has been cut down. According to Dr. Holmes' measurement in 1837, it was twenty-nine feet and four inches in circumference one foot above the ground.

A teacher in the public schools of Boston recently expelled two pupils because they refused to lean their heads upon their desks during the morning prayer. The Boston School Commissioners sustained the teacher's action.

According to Lindley Murray, and all other standard authorities on grammar, when the sentence is affirmative a comparison is made by *as* and *so*; but when the sentence is negative, a comparison is made by *so* and *as*. "The house is as comfortable as I expected." "The house is not so comfortable as I expected." Yet, in defiance of this simple rule, we constantly meet with such sentences as "Negroes will not fight as well as whites," "Thimble-bob's acting is not as good as So-and-so's."

When a man discovers an oil-well upon his premises in these days, his fortune is made. Witness these prices recently paid to farmers in Western Pennsylvania: Among the sales recently made are the Parker farm for \$100,000; the Funk farm for \$150,000; the King farm for \$85,000; the Noble & Dalamater well and territory for \$300,000; the Egbert for \$200,000. This property is all on Oil Creek, but the excitement is not confined to the creek alone.

Such paragraphs as the following from a Louisville paper are becoming frequent in our exchanges: "A young-looking soldier girl, who had served twenty months in an Indiana regiment, and participated in several hard-fought engagements, became tired of the service, and donning female apparel again, crossed the Ohio river yesterday on her way to her long-forgotten home. She had received two severe wounds in battle, which will remain to remind her of her folly to the latest years of her life. The reason for entering the service is the old story, love and romance."

The Prescott Journal records the burning to death of a little girl five years old—a daughter of Mr. Monehan, of Fall River.

GENIE SMITH played Othello at an amateur theatrical performance in Peterboro, recently, for the benefit of the Sanitary Fair. He brought down the house.

The monthly pay-rolls of the factories in Manchester, N. H., amount to about \$125,000, or a million and a half dollars a year. Previous to the war the sums paid were hardly two-thirds of this amount.

Hon. H. D. Barron, of St. Croix Falls, is spoken of as a suitable candidate for Judge of the new Judicial Circuit (the eleventh) created by the last Legislature.

The summer term of Beloit College commenced last Wednesday, and will continue twelve weeks.

[Advertisement] Things to be Remembered. First, That it is a positive business necessity to have your buildings, merchandise and other personal property insured against fire.

Second, That E. L. Dimock now has the agency of nearly all the Sound Old Eastern Insurance Companies that are represented in the west, and that the capital represented by these companies is sufficient to do all the insurance for Janesville and Rock County.

Third, That these companies are noted for adjusting losses fairly and paying them promptly.

Fourth, That E. L. Dimock has left a few more of those beautiful calendars for 1864, blotting pads and excise laws for distribution to customers.

MILLINERY! MRS. J. R. BEALE! Will open on Tuesday, March 29th, a beautiful assortment of

MILLINERY GOODS! Having secured the services of a New York Milliner, she is prepared to furnish all new styles, and at the lowest possible prices. Particular attention given to dressing all remodeling suits, gowns, hats, etc. Address: E. L. Dimock, opposite the Central Bank, first entrance through the hat store. Private entrance on River street. 323m29dwf

LOCAL MATTERS.

INAUGURATION OF THE NEW CITY GOVERNMENT.

The Address of the Mayor.

The first meeting of the newly elected Common Council took place last evening. But little general business was transacted. We give below the concise and able address of the Mayor, which will be read with interest by our citizens:

Gentlemen of the Common Council: In assuming the trusts reposed in me, it becomes necessary for their faithful performance, to first ascertain, so far as is practicable, in what they consist—the general condition of our city affairs and its finances in particular.

Whatever facts I have been enabled to collect, with a view to this object, though doubtless familiar to those of you holding over in the council, I will briefly lay before you.

BONDED AND SCRIPT DEBT. The bonded and script debt of the city is as follows, to wit:—

School bonds bearing 8 per cent. int. and due in 1869, 70, and 71, \$26,000. Do School bonds bearing 7 per cent. int. and due in 1870 and 71, 21,300. Railroad bonds bearing 7 per cent. int. and due in 1874, 12,000.

Making an aggregate of our funded debt, \$59,300. The manner in which this last item of indebtedness occurred, perhaps, needs some explanation. A settlement has been effected with most of the parties holding the bonds of the city issued to the old Valley Railroad Co., about which there has been so much contention, whereby seventy-five of the eighty-seven said bonds have been surrendered to the city and canceled. A negotiation is still pending for the balance, with a fair prospect of their being ultimately liquidated. In order to accomplish this object, it became necessary to raise a certain sum of money, which together with the stock due the city from the N. W. Railway Co., the successor of said Valley company, deemed adequate to cover the whole claim. Now city bonds according to the sum of \$12,000 as mentioned.

Much credit is due the parties engaged in our behalf, in this transaction, as well for their services, which were arduous and perplexing, as for the relief, thus opportunistically given the city from a heavy incumbrance.

There are no city orders outstanding. Neither are there any judgments against the city. The probable amount of tax to be levied the current year, as nearly as can be ascertained is for—

State, \$15,000. County, 3,000. Do School, 2,500. Do Water, 4,000. City tax proper, 10,000. Do Bonds, script and interest, 10,000. Total, \$54,500.

These figures fall short of rumored report. Still the sum of money they represent is an enormous one, for a community of but about ten thousand inhabitants to be taxed in one year. It must however be levied, for it is doubtless just and legal. The tax payers, therefore, of the city will probably submit to it cheerfully. But if a succession of the like amount occur, which might be honorably avoided, it will be felt burdensome. It behooves us, therefore, to see that the confidence placed in us be not abused, as we most assuredly shall be held to a rigid account.

These are times that require unusual vigilance and sagacity too, if any meaning is applicable to this term in these eventful days. Yet, although we may not be able to see into the dark future, we ought, at least, endeavor to prepare for all emergencies. The rebellion is dragging its slow length along, and no human foresight can determine the end. The President may find it necessary to make another call for troops. We should therefore husband our resources and be prepared to meet it. Thus national affairs are identified with our own. We must necessarily participate in the pending struggle for the defense of our country and our homes. The traitors of the south have raised their ugly hands to despoil us of our inheritance. They refuse obedience to the government they have sworn to defend and to which they have sworn allegiance. By their sophistry of secession, they seek to destroy its integrity, which means its overthrow. Refusing to listen to any terms of peace that will not secure its accomplishment, thereby leaving us no alternation save the force of arms.

We have then this business of war on our hands, as well as the improving of our streets, beautifying our city and educating our children. It comes home to our doors and is paramount to all other considerations. All that we have and are belong to our country and every other interest must yield to the emergency of its demands. The families of our soldiers must be provided for, and the soldiers themselves in the field and to be called into it, fed, clothed, and all suitable encouragement given to sustain them in their arduous trials.

With these facts before us, it is obvious that economy should govern our actions. I therefore recommend its strict observance as a duty and necessity in all departments. Expenses, however, for the support of needful established institutions and such as are incidental and unavoidable for other purposes, must be incurred. To a portion of which only, I invite your attention. And first the—

FIRE DEPARTMENT. To afford suitable facilities to the fire companies is a duty we owe to the people at large as well as to them. We therefore should attend to their wants as far as it is in our power and consistent with other duties to comply. The charter authorizes for this department, a sum not exceeding \$500, for current annual expenses. If the whole of that amount be required, it should be cheerfully granted. But farther than this we cannot go, except by direct taxation for special purpose, which I trust will not have to be resorted to the present year.

In this connection I would suggest that reservoirs in the several wards be constructed so soon as our circumstances will warrant the outlay.

STREET IMPROVEMENTS. I would recommend that the avenues into the city be kept in good order, the public interest demands it.

Outlays for new paving, curbing and macadamizing are not at present needed. A few repairs, however, in the latter are indispensable. And the unfinished work of all these descriptions ordered long since, by the city authorities, I ask your special attention to. Those who have failed to perform their duty in this respect,

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OUR MORNING DISPATCHES.

Longstreet's Army at Orange C. H. I.

LEE'S FORCE NOT OVER 50,000!

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New Advertisements.

DISSOLUTION—The Partnership heretofore existing between Willard Parritt and John Tibbals, under the firm name of Parritt & Co., in the grocery business, is hereby dissolved by mutual consent, this 14th day of April, 1864.

WILLARD PARRITT, JOHN TIBBALS.

DRUGS, CHEMICALS, CROCCERIES, &C.

A. Palmer & Son!

Janesville, Wis. At the old stand, West Milwaukee street. We have lately made large additions to our stock of Fine Drugs and Chemicals, and now offer more than our usual inducements to customers. We solicit the attention of Physicians, Country Merchants, Manufacturers and others to our stock, and solicit a comparison of our prices with those of others in the larger cities.

A. PALMER, JR. 42m29dwf

CIRCUIT COURT, Rock County.

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"Secretary of Treasury."

"Ten per cent. per month" must give any people, however rich and prosperous, a tolerable idea of what it costs to support a government, though a bogus one, and carry on a war. Such a fact ought to induce our sluggards in Congress to some sort of action, and the example of what the rebels are doing and the sacrifices they are making, ought to induce them to aid the people not only in stimulating all our military enterprises but in devising ways and means whereby public credit and private property may be saved from the loss and depreciation that must follow in the train of the financial storm which now threatens to sweep over the loyal states.

A cute April fool trick was played upon the gents of an eastern city in this wise: Some lively young ladies concocted a passionate love letter, which wound up with the request that the receiver should meet the writer on the next evening with a white rosette in his button hole, under the post office clock. This epistle they sent to divers gentlemen of their acquaintance. The result was that fifty-two young men with white rosettes in their button holes, assembled at eight o'clock next night, under the post office clock time piece. They saw the joke and enjoyed it gloriously.

The copperhead candidates for Vice President spoken of at Washington, are George E. Pugh, Seymour of Connecticut, Fernando Wood, Judge Woodward, of Pennsylvania, and Wyckoff, of Kentucky.

It is proposed to use the White House for the Department of State and for official receptions and to build the President a new house in the suburbs of Washington.

A ROMANTIC young man says that a woman's heart is like the moon—it changes continually but always has a man in it.

GENERAL PARAGRAPHS.

—The "Fecian Brotherhood" have opened a fine new hall in Boston.

—We respect him who can more easily make a hyacinth than a joke—a grace at meat, than a dinner speech.

—The present valuation of the corporation property in New Orleans is \$12,960,000.

—Since April of last year the special relief agents of the Sanitary Commission in Boston have aided over eleven thousand soldiers.

—A man in Lewiston, Me., some time ago had his life insured for \$2,000 and immediately went into a decline. The company bought his policy.

—Seven hundred of the released Union prisoners from Richmond are to be removed to the Jarvis Hospital in Baltimore. They are sick, suffering and destitute.

—A few years ago, to settle an estate, a parcel of timber land in Mount Holly, N. J., was appraised at the value of one hundred dollars. The same land has recently been sold for thirty-three hundred and seventy-five dollars.

—Yale College has received or been promised to receive half a million dollars within a few months, and Governor Buckingham has recently swelled the fund by a gift of \$25,000.

—The workmen on the Chicago Lake Tunnel are now digging in blue clay at a depth of about eighteen feet. They have thus far been troubled by the influx of water, which deposits sand nearly as fast as it can be removed.

—The largest tree in Western Massachusetts, the old elm in Springfield, has been cut down. According to Dr. Holmes' measurement in 1837, it was twenty-nine feet and four inches in circumference one foot above the ground.

—A teacher in the public schools of Boston recently expelled two pupils because they refused to lean their heads upon their desks during the morning prayer. The Boston School Commissioners sustained the teacher's action.

—According to Lindley Murray, and all other standard authorities on grammar, when the sentence is affirmative a comparison is made by as and as; but when the sentence is negative, a comparison is made by so and so. "The house is as comfortable as I expected." "The house is not so comfortable as I expected." Yet, in defiance of this simple rule, we constantly meet with such sentences as "Negroes will not fight as well as whites." "Thiungubob's nothing is not as good as So-and-so's."

—When a man discovers an oil-well upon his premises in these days, his fortune is made. Witness these prices recently paid to farmers in Western Pennsylvania: Among the sales recently made are the Parker farm for \$100,000; the Funk farm for \$150,000; the King farm for \$85,000; the Noble & Dalmater well and territory for \$300,000; the Ebert for \$200,000. This property is all on Oil Creek, but the excitement is not confined to the creek alone.

—Such paragraphs as the following from a Louisville paper are becoming frequent in our exchanges:

"A young-looking soldier girl, who had served twenty months in an Indiana regiment, and participated in several hard-fought engagements, became tired of the service, and donning female apparel again, crossed the Ohio river yesterday on her way to her long-forgotten home. She had received two severe wounds in battle, which will remain to remind her of her folly to the latest years of her life. The reason for entering the service is the old story, love and romance."

The Prescott Journal records the burning to death of a little girl five years old—a daughter of Mr. Monehan, of Fall River.

GERHART SMITH played Othello at an amateur theatrical performance in Peterboro, recently, for the benefit of the Sanitary Fair. He brought down the house.

The monthly pay-rolls of the factories in Manchester, N. H., amount to about \$125,000, or a million and a half dollars a year. Previous to the war the same paid were hardly two-thirds of this amount.

HON. H. D. BARRON, of St. Croix Falls, is spoken of as a suitable candidate for Judge of the new Judicial Circuit (the eleventh) created by the last Legislature.

The summer term of Beloit College commenced last Wednesday, and will continue twelve weeks.

[Advertisement]
Things to be Remembered.

First, That it is a positive business necessity to have your buildings, merchandise and other personal property insured against fire.

Second, That E. L. Dimock now has the agency of nearly all the Sound Old Eastern Insurance Companies that are represented in the west, and that the capital represented by these companies is sufficient to do all the insurance for Janesville and Rock County.

Third, That these companies are noted for adjusting losses fairly and paying them promptly.

Fourth, That E. L. Dimock has left a few more of those beautiful calendars for 1864, blotting pads and excise laws for distribution to customers. dcf.

MILLINERY!
MRS. J. R. BEALE!

Will open on Tuesday, March 22nd, a beautiful assortment of goods.

MILLINERY GOODS!
Having secured the services of a New York Milliner, she is prepared to furnish all new styles of hats, and at the lowest possible price. Particular attention given to finishing and remodeling straw goods.

Rooms in Tallman's Block, opposite the Central Bank, first entrance, through the hat store. Private entrance on River street. 25m

PIANO FORTE AND ORGAN!
Mrs. S. FORD

Will be happy to give instruction to those who may desire it, in

LOCAL MATTERS.

INAUGURATION OF THE NEW CITY GOVERNMENT.

The Address of the Mayor.

The first meeting of the newly elected Common Council took place last evening. But little general business was transacted.

We give below the concise and able address of the Mayor, which will be read with interest by our citizens:

Gentlemen of the Common Council:

In assuming the trusts reposed in us, it becomes necessary for our faithful performance, to first ascertain, so far as is practicable, in what they consist—the general condition of our city affairs and its finances in particular.

Whatever facts I have been enabled to collect, with a view to this object, though doubtless familiar to those of you holding over in the council, I will briefly lay before you.

BONDED AND SCRIPT DEBT.

The bonded and script debt of the city is as follows, to-wit:

School bonds bearing 5 per cent. int. and due in 1869, '70, '71, '72, '73, '74, '75, '76, '77, '78, '79, '80, '81, '82, '83, '84, '85, '86, '87, '88, '89, '90, '91, '92, '93, '94, '95, '96, '97, '98, '99, '00, '01, '02, '03, '04, '05, '06, '07, '08, '09, '10, '11, '12, '13, '14, '15, '16, '17, '18, '19, '20, '21, '22, '23, '24, '25, '26, '27, '28, '29, '30, '31, '32, '33, '34, '35, '36, '37, '38, '39, '40, '41, '42, '43, '44, '45, '46, '47, '48, '49, '50, '51, '52, '53, '54, '55, '56, '57, '58, '59, '60, '61, '62, '63, '64, '65, '66, '67, '68, '69, '70, '71, '72, '73, '74, '75, '76, '77, '78, '79, '80, '81, '82, '83, '84, '85, '86, '87, '88, '89, '90, '91, '92, '93, '94, '95, '96, '97, '98, '99, '00, '01, '02, '03, '04, '05, '06, '07, '08, '09, '10, '11, '12, '13, '14, '15, '16, '17, '18, '19, '20, '21, '22, '23, '24, '25, '26, '27, '28, '29, '30, '31, '32, '33, '34, '35, '36, '37, '38, '39, '40, '41, '42, '43, '44, '45, '46, '47, '48, '49, '50, '51, '52, '53, '54, '55, '56, '57, '58, 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STATE NEWS.

An avul which was being used as a cannon to celebrate the result of the election at Prossett, burst, instantly killing Frank Reese, a boy twelve years of age, and breaking a leg of John Grover, whose life was in a critical condition.—The Waukesha Democrat says, a young man about 19 years of age, a son of Mr. Segar, of Pewaukee, was severely wounded by the accidental discharge of a gun while in his own hands, on Thursday last. The entire charge of No. 4 shot entered the right arm just below the shoulder, crushing the bones of the arm and passing around under the shoulder blade.—Wm. Chapin, of Jefferson, was drowned in Rock River on the night of the 11th. So says The Banner.—Mr. T. D. Lindley, one of the editors of the Waterbury Republican, has enlisted as a musician in the 11th Regiment. He is now at Camp Randall.—The Lodi Herald says that while some men were at work excavating a well, a bucket, filled with gravel, became unhooked, and fell a distance of thirty feet, striking a Mr. Bates, seriously if not fatally injuring him.—Navigation on the Wolf River is open. The steamer Eagle has commenced regular trips between Oshkosh and Berlin.—The Mauston Star gives an account of a young man named John A. Thompson, a veteran soldier, belonging to Co. H, 2d Regiment, as having mysteriously disappeared on the night of the 6th inst. It appears that Thompson and three others were in the saloon of one Jas. Harold. They drank heavily, and a quarrel and fight was the consequence, in which the saloon keeper struck Thompson over the head with a revolver. Thompson walked out of the house, and since that time has not been seen. A reward of five hundred dollars is offered for information of his whereabouts.—A Company of twenty-five persons, men, women and children, from Kenosha and Racine counties, are about to start for Idaho.—The Beaver Dam Argus says that H. B. Phelps, Agent for the Northwestern Flax Company, has received a letter from the company stating that they have determined to establish their factory in that city and will run it by steam, if a water power cannot be procured. The company have their machinery on the way from England, will erect a large building during the summer, and have their factory in running order in the fall.—The Appleton Crescent says that the Fox and Wis. Improvement Co's Canals will be open for navigation on the 20th of April. The company has carefully repaired all the locks and other works on the line of the river between Menasha and Green Bay, during the past month, and everything pertaining thereto is in extra fine condition.—The Oshkosh Courier says the steamer Berlin City made her appearance at our docks, on Thursday evening last, direct from New London. She encountered some ice on her way down, but not enough to hinder her getting through. She came through the Cut Off, and by this means is enabled to commence her regular trips between Oshkosh and New London a week or ten days earlier than she could if she had to wait the slow motion of Lake Poygan, which is still ice-bound. There is scarcely any ice in the Wolf River.—The Polk County Press states that several half-breed Chippewas, recruited for the 7th Wisconsin Regiment left for Madison. It says: "They are a hardy set used to taking it rough and ready" and will make splendid soldiers. They all talk English, are of good size, and brave as lions.—The Madison Journal states that three boys were playing soldier in Westport—one giving the commands to the other two, whose names were Butler and Rody. During the performance, these boys, who had each a gun, were in a position facing each other, and while going through the manual of arms, at the command "fire," both having cocked their pieces, pulled trigger, and the contents of the gun of Rody entered the breast of young Butler, killing him almost instantly. It was not known to either party that the gun was loaded, and there is no intention of injury imputed to young Rody, who is only about ten years old. Butler was fourteen, or thereabouts.

Rev. Mr. Thomas, pastor of the First Unitarian church in Chicago, has turned out to be a wolf in sheep's clothing. He has been improperly intimate with a female member of his flock and has left in disgrace. The Chicago Journal states that the Society which he was settled over is one of the wealthiest and most influential in Chicago, and as might be expected, the fall of their clergyman has caused intense excitement.

—It was remarked by a clergyman, in Hartford, Connecticut, at the Methodist Conference held there last week, that during the past year he officiated in two churches in New Haven county, in one of which there was not a democratic member and in the other not a republican.

—Hard on Fremont.—The New York Sunday Times thinks General Fremont is inclined to serve the Republican party very much as he does his hair—i. e., part it in the middle.

—Mr. Corwin Coming Home.—Gov. Corwin, Minister to Mexico, has procured leave to come home, and he writes as if he had but little expectation of going back. He now intends to start in about a month.

—Mr. B. H. Smith retires from the Editorship of the Beloit Journal, and is succeeded by Mr. A. Paine. If Mr. Paine makes as good a paper as Mr. Smith did, he will have his hands full.

—In Central Vermont, the dryness of the season has interfered with the maple sugar crop, and it will hardly be as good as the average.

The Exeter Journal learns that winter wheat will be an entire failure in that locality.

President Lincoln.

In the recent very fine speech of the Hon. N. Arnold, of Illinois, in the course of Representatives, on "Reconstruction," there occurs the following interesting group of incidents from the life of President Lincoln:

HIS TRAINING.

His previous training for his great work was not the training of the schools; it was better. It was a struggle with difficulties among the people. He had the foundation of perfect integrity, truth, candor, sobriety, self-control, romance, modesty. With clear judgment, sound common sense, knowledge of human nature, he was the most American of Americans. He had served a single term in Congress, but his education, his preparation was among the people, in the humble and homely portions; a flat-bottomed man, a rail-splitter, a surveyor, a member of the Legislature in a frontier State, a lawyer in the log court houses of the West. While he had no university schooling, few, if any, have had a better training to develop and strengthen his intellectual powers than he.

This may seem strange, but let me explain, and its truth, will, I think, be conceded.

He was trained at a bar in a school where giants were his competitors, and he bore off the crown.

HIS COMPETITORS.

Some twenty years ago there gathered around the plain, pine tables of the frontier Court House of Central Illinois a very remarkable combination of men. Among them and concededly their leader, was Abraham Lincoln; Stephen A. Douglas, his great political rival; Lyman Trumbull, Chairman of the Judiciary Committee of the Senate; E. D. Baker, the ablest eloquent Senator, soldier and martyr; to Henry General James Shields, who won a high reputation at Washington and on the battle-fields of Mexico; General John J. Hardin, an able and eloquent lawyer, who fell on the bloody fields of Buena Vista; James A. McDougall, the present Senator from California; William A. Richardson, the present Senator from Illinois; and General John A. McClelland, now in the field. Besides these was the late Gov. Bissell, whose manly vindication of the bravery of the Illinois volunteers in Mexico, against the aspersions of Jeff. Davis—will be remembered—a vindication in a challenge from the traitor Davis, which was accepted by Bissell, but from which Davis backed down, it is said, under the advice of General Taylor. These men, of national reputation, and others equally able, but whose pursuits have been confined at home, were the competitors with Lincoln. These were the men in contest with whom Lincoln was trained to the terrible ordeal which he is passing.

CONTEST WITH MR. DOUGLAS.

The contest between Lincoln and Douglas in 1858, was the most remarkable in American history. They were the acknowledged leaders each of his party. Both men of great and marked individuality of character. The prize was the Senatorship of the great State of Illinois, and the success of the Democratic or Republican party; Douglas had the additional stimulant of the Presidency in view. These two trained leaders met, at designated places, and in the presence of the immense crowds of people, debated the great questions at issue.

Douglas went through this campaign like a conquering hero. He had his own train of cars, his band of music, his own guard of devoted followers, a cannon on the train, the firing of which announced his approach to the place of meeting. Such a canvass involved, necessarily, very large expenditures, and it has been said that Douglas did not expend less than \$50,000 at this canvass. Some idea of the plain, simple, frugal habits of Mr. Lincoln may be gathered, when I tell you that at its close, having occupied several months, Mr. Lincoln said, with the idea, apparently, that he had been somewhat extravagant "I do not believe I have spent a cent less than \$500 in this canvass."

Senator Douglas was at the time leading debtor in the United States Senate. He had been accustomed to meet for years in Congress the trained leaders of the nation, and never, either in single combat or taking the fire of a whole party, had he been so discomfited. He was bold, defiant, confident, aggressive; fertile in resources, terrible in denunciation, familiar with political history, practiced in all controversial discussion, of indomitable physical and moral courage, and unquestionably the most formidable man in the nation on the stump.

Mr. Lincoln was cool, candid, truthful, logical, never betrayed into an unfair statement; and it was wonderful how in these discussions, as in every other act of his public life, he was able to impress the people with his honesty and fairness. Every hearer of these debates went away with the conviction, whatever his political views, "Lincoln believes what he says; he is candid, and he would not mis-state a fact, or take an unfair advantage to secure a triumph." He had one advantage over Douglas—he was always good humored, he had always his apt story for illustration, and while Douglas was sometimes irritable and would lose his temper, Lincoln never lost his.

Douglas carried away the most popular applause, but Lincoln made the deeper and more lasting impression. Douglas did not disdain an immediate triumph, while Lincoln sought for a permanent conviction. Douglas addressed the friends and prejudices with a power and adroitness never surpassed. Lincoln stated his propositions and proved their truth with irresistible logic. Douglas carried the majority of the Legislature of Illinois, but Lincoln had the majority of the popular vote. Douglas secured the Senatorship, but Lincoln gained the Presidency. The wonderful endurance of these men, both of iron constitutions, was strikingly manifested during this contest. But at its close, Douglas could not articulate clearly for some weeks, while Lincoln's voice was clearer, stronger, and he himself, was in better health at the end than he was at the beginning of the contest.

"The friends of each of these great leaders claimed the victory. All must admit that each met in his antagonist a foe worthy of his steel.

The nomination of Mr. Lincoln to the Presidency came to him unsought and unsolicited. The great leaders of national parties struggled by their powerful friends and organizations for the nomination at Chicago. Mr. Lincoln remained quietly at his home in Springfield, pursuing the usual course of his quiet, simple life, and the Presidency sought him, he did not go after it or seek it. Many have seen in the manner in which he was called to the Executive Mansion the finger of Providence.

—If you would be free from sin, fly temptation; he that does not endeavor to avoid the one, cannot expect Providence to defend him from the other. If the first sparks of ill were quenched, there would be no flame; for how can he kill who does not hate, or how can he adulter in not that does not transgress in desire? How can he be perjured that fears an oath; or he defraud that does not allow himself to covet?

Old Letters.

[From the Round Table.]

I always keep my letters, and occasionally, on some dreary autumn or winter day, I drag from its hiding-place for a twelvemonth the little old trunk that for generations has been an heirloom in the family, and, bringing it out in the light of my pleasant study, re-animate the lifeless forms that lie buried within its black sides, and spend half the day in walking with these old friends, the dreary paths that have a memory. When I have thus aged, grown old, and dimly and vaguely their lives in speechless supplication for quiet and peace in their declining years, and the evergreen sigh mournfully as the chilling winds rush through them and stay not to daily with their graceful leaves as did the summer breezes—though the old house moan and rock from cellar to garret, and the rats go scampering, through the waistcoat at sound of the unusual tumult. I and my cheerful fire and these old letters are having a grand re-union, and the need of memory has made me oblivious of the outer world to-day.

Here are packages yellow with time that often, deep in the stillness of a winter's night, have been opened and counted through the tent of a tear-streaked thought of school days way home with gentle counsels and anxious inquiries after health came linked with the families were the need in regard to improvement of time and the value of money a home advice as to the repairing of a garment, and questions as to whether others will last through the term; cheering words of comfort and encouragement, and assurances of love and fond remembrance among the dear ones, written with the intention of lightening the burden of home-sickness, but from their very kindness adding much thereto—all and more are familiar as household words, and need only a single of the hastily written address to be called again into consciousness.

Here are packages of later origin, each marked with the inevitable stamp—letters from true and tried friends, words their weight in gold; letters of confidence, letters of joy; words of cheer for darkest hours, of reproach for vain thoughts and frivolous blabbings; essays on politics and public economy, to prove the wisdom of the writer and the patience of the reader; two-sheeted craft laden with ballast and trumpery; fair misivies crossed and recrossed, till we are reminded of the illustrations of a sewing-machine's unravelling stitch; selections of poetry; pressed flowers; darning letters. Oh, he that has no little black trunk stowed away in a corner for a twelve month to pull out on such a dark and gloomy day as this, never knows the joy and pleasure of old letters from faithful and loving friends!

Here is one from a poet, the school-master's pet, who in twelve years seemed to have united the experience and wisdom of many women at twenty-five with the grace and loveliness of childhood, and to have answered the call of the Father with precious armfuls gathered in her short career. See how carefully it is punctuated for the teacher's critical eye, and with what earnest desire the short fingers tried to make straight the long lines that would go crookedly any way; how after the master has returned to his studies, she writes him as, "Most Dignified," to do nothing to disgrace the high sounding title of Senior, not to put his feet on the mantle-piece; to beware of the siren muses of love's net; and mixes in occasionally, luring with the fire of her last and newest study, a few well chosen French phrases, setting off thereby more fully the beauty and purity of her child-English.

Love letters? Of course. That packet in the corner there, none of these bound with cotton strings or rubber bands, but the one tied with a blue ribbon, a little solved I perceive, the bare sight of which gives me that dizziness Burns speaks of, and sets me at the old wondering whether single life be not contemptible selfish and unnatural. See how the rollicking words go tripping over the tinted page to the rarest and the sweetest music that ever floats through human life; with what careless grace the most delicate and dignified letters join hands with their comely little partners and tip-toe on the delicious surge-ride and sink. See those great top-heavy, tumble down T's and P's come rolling in, almost staggering with the amount of purple life that has mounted to their brains, as if they had drunk too deeply of the strong wine of Love; while here and there is an A or an N with its feet planted firmly, striving to withstand with its sober dignity the mad march of its thoughtless companions.

And as we run through the packet—the Alphabet is having a grand gala-day—look at that jolly B nearly splitting its sides with laughter—and poor common-place words are dressed with most becoming witchery. But stop! Here are some letters from the old package that look more sober, even downcast. The big capitals are all straight-jackets, and the little cherty letters are as dense, as stealthy, paced, white clad mus. 'Tis too much like a mad-house, or a funeral of a dead hope; let us tie them up again and lay them away in their corner; and, reader, I'll carry the little black trunk to its hiding-place till I can see more clearly it grows dark so suddenly these winter days—and wait till the storm blows less furiously down the big chimney and sends less pitiful wailings through every crevice and ranny, ere I show you more of its treasures.

ANOTHER SNAKE STORY.—Between the point of Lookout Mountain and Bridgeport, twenty-five miles of dead miles, in one continuous string; the head of the first convulsion lying in the "quarter-deck" of the one beyond him, and so on, throughout the whole distance. Just imagine a convulsion of nature of sufficient magnitude to bury these remains as they now lie, and phancy the phelinx of a future Agassiz, who in his geological researches; strikes either of the termini, and attempts to exhume the entire "snake." Won't it knock the socks off the snarlers of the diabolical period? Twenty-five miles of verbiage with two pedal arrangements every three feet! What a hully-dilly-show for a future circus! It will probably be called "the old he Copperhead of the Rebellion period"—admission ten cents—Peace Democrats half price.—*Chattanooga Gazette.*

THE STRENGTH OF OUR ARMIES.—When the quotas for the army are filled, there will be 953,561 men in the field supporting the Union cause. The Rebels seem to know the numbers of our forces, and tell their people that the next campaign is to be carried on by main strength, but that Grant, being an inferior General, will be outnumbered by numbers, and in no wise be capable of moving them advantageously against so skillful a strategist as Lee. Besides, they say it takes two Union soldiers to equal one Rebel. The proportion used to be five to one, but three years' experience in the war seems to have improved the Yankees fighting qualities in Rebel estimation threefold. At this rate the preponderance will soon be on the other side.

—A ranseller at Franklin N. H., was visited not long since by two hundred ladies in procession, who politely informed him that he must shut up shop and leave town, or he would be assisted to do both. He didn't wait for the assistance.

Special Notices.

REMOVAL!

Dr. M. R. JOHNSON has removed to Jackson & Smith's New Building, over the Rock County Bank, where he will wait upon his friends and customers in any department of dentistry. d66daw

REMOVAL!

Dr. B. F. PENDELTON has removed his Dental Rooms to the new block of Jenkins & Dewey, first floor over the shoe store of Cyrus Miner, where he will attend to all the calls in his profession. 31 ap26dw1

NERVOUS DISEASES

AND PHYSICAL DEBILITY, arising from specific causes, in all cases, a new and reliable treatment, in reports of the HOWARD ASSOCIATION—sent in sealed letter envelopes, free of charge. Address, Dr. J. SKILLIN HOUGHTON, Howard Association, No. 2 South Ninth street, Philadelphia, Pa. 31 ap26dw1

COUGHS AND COLDS.

The sudden changes of our climate are sources of Frequent, Nervous and Asthmatic Affections. Experience having proved that simple remedies often act speedily when taken in the early stages of the disease, recourse should at once be had to "Brown's Bronchial Trochies," or Lozenges, for the Cough, or Irritation of the Throat be ever so slight, as by this precaution a more serious attack may be effectively ward off. PUBLIC SPEAKERS and SINGERS will find them effectual for clearing and strengthening the voice. Soldiers should have them, as they can be carried in the pocket and taken as occasion requires. ap26dw1

HAGAN'S MAGNOLIA BALM.

This is the most delightful and extraordinary article ever discovered. It changes the sun-burnt face and hands to a yearly satin texture of revealing beauty, imparting the marble purity of youth and the delicate appearance so inviting in the city belle of fashion. It removes tan, freckles, pimples, and roughness from the skin, leaving the complexion fresh, transparent and smooth. It contains no material injurious to the skin. Patented by Antecore and Oyster-Singers. It is what every lady should possess, as it can be carried in the pocket and taken as occasion requires. ap26dw1

General Agents, 202 Broadway, New York.

HAIR DYE! HAIR DYE!

Backen's Celebrated Hair Dye is the best in the world. The only Harmless, True and Reliable Hair Dye known. This splendid Hair Dye is perfect—changes Red, Rusty, or Gray Hair, instantly to a Glossy Black or Natural Brown, without injuring the hair or staining the skin, leaving the hair soft and beautiful, imparting fresh vitality, frequently restoring its pristine color, and retarding the effects of bad dyes. The genuine is signed WILLIAM A. BACKEN, all others are mere imitations, and should be avoided. Sold by all Druggists, Ac. Pharmacy—81 Barclay St., N. Y. Backen's New Toilet Cream for Dressing the Hair. J26dw1

S-T-1800-X-DILAWEN PLANTATION BITTLES.

They purify, strengthen and invigorate. They create a healthy appetite. They are an antidote to cholera, of water and diet. They overcome effects of dyspepsia and late hours. They strengthen the system and relieve the mind. They prevent malarial and intermittent fever. They purify the blood and acidity of the stomach. They cure Dyspepsia and Constipation. They cure Diarrhoea, Cholera and Cholera Morbus. They cure Bilious Complaint and Nervous Headache. They are the best Bitters in the world. They make the weak man strong, and the nervous man great. They are sold by all Druggists, Ac. Sold by all Grocers, Druggists, Hotels and Saloons. P. H. DRAKE & Co., 212 Broadway, New York. J26dw1

LYON'S KATHAMION.

Lyon's Kathamion—Kathamion is from the Greek word "Katharion" or "Katharion," signifying to cleanse, regenerate, and restore. This article is what its name signifies. For preserving, restoring, and beautifying the human hair, it is the most reliable preparation in the world. It is again owned and put up by the original proprietor, and is now made with the same care, skill, and attention which gave it a sale of over one million bottles per annum. It is a most delightful Hair Dressing. It eradicates scurf and dandruff. It keeps the hair soft and clean. It makes the hair rich, soft and glossy. It prevents the hair from falling out and turning grey. It restores hair upon bald heads. Any lady or gentleman who values a beautiful head of hair should use Lyon's Kathamion. It is known and used throughout the civilized world. Sold by all respectable dealers. DEMAS S. BARNES & CO., Proprietors, New York. J26dw1

PHENIX INSURANCE CO.,

HARTFORD, CONN.

The Kind of Insurance Worth Having!

On the morning of the 23d of February, the brick block, occupied by the "Lafayette Journal Co." in Lafayette, Ill., was burned to the ground. The property had a policy of \$5,000 on the 15th, and the loss was insured in the "Phoenix Insurance Co." of Hartford, Conn. The loss was paid in full on the 26th, and on the same day, Mr. Schuyler, representing the "Phoenix Insurance Co." received a draft for the full amount of his policy, as will be seen by the following receipt:

\$5,000.

CINCINNATI, O., Feb. 26th, 1864.

Received of the PHENIX INSURANCE COMPANY of Hartford, Conn., by H. M. Magill, General Agent of said Company, the sum of FIVE THOUSAND DOLLARS, being in full of all claims and demands for loss or damage under Policy No. 2316, issued at the City of Cincinnati, Ohio, on the 15th of February, 1864, for the sum of \$5,000, and for the destruction of the brick block, on the 23d of February, 1864. W. H. SCHUYLER, for Lafayette Journal Co. 302Mar22dw1

THE BEST IS THE CHEAPEST!

Insure With The

ETNA INSURANCE CO.,

HARTFORD, CONN.

1. Fire and Inland Navigation

Risks accepted, now as heretofore, at fair rates and liberal conditions.

2. Business Conducted With

constant dispatch and accuracy.

3. Losses Always Met With

promptness and complete justice.

NET ASSETS, JANUARY, 1864,

\$3,002,556.39!

4. The Plan and Organization

of the ETNA, after 5 years severe trial, has realized the greatest public advantage and success of the various systems of Fire Insurance in the country. It is now better than ever prepared for duty.

5. 16,000 Loss Claims Have Been

settled and paid. SIXTEEN MILLIONS OF DOLLARS.

6. The Consumption of Property

by fire in the United States averages over \$100,000 daily. Is your property exposed and unprotected?

7. Are You Insured? If Not,

why not? The cost is trifling; the duty is manifest; the result may be your escape from ruin—while delay and neglect may result in bankruptcy, poverty or cruel disappointment.

8. Particular Attention and

regard is given to small risks as well as large ones. Security and superior commercial advantages afforded.

Policies Issued Without Delay!

K. L. DIMOCK, Agent.

301Mar22dw1

Special Notices.

COLGATE'S TOILET SOAP.

This celebrated Toilet Soap, in such universal demand, is made from the choicest materials, is mild and emollient in its nature, fragrant, scented, and extremely beneficial in its action upon the skin. For sale by all Druggists and Fancy Goods Dealers. Jan26dw1

Brigs and Medicines.

HAND MIRRORS,

Fine Infant Hair Brushes, Buffalo Hair Brushes, Pearl Inlaid Hair Brushes, Rubber-Fine Combs, Rubber Dressing Combs, Rubber Circular Combs, Buffalo Dressing Combs, Flesh and Tooth Brushes, Nail and Hat Brushes, Cloth and Dusting Brushes, Fine Shaving Brushes, Lubin's Genuine Extract, Talbott & Collins' Extract, Bazin's Hair Extract, Lubin's Toilet Soap, Glonn's Toilet Soap, Colgate's Toilet Soap, Bazin's Toilet Soap, Fine Tooth Soap, Toilet Powders and Puffs, Turkey Morocco Wallets, Chain Buckskin Purses, Morocco Traveling Bags, Fine Razors and Strops, Bathing and Carriage Sponges.

We are adding to our stock of Drugs, Medicines and Chemicals a large assortment of Perfumery and Fancy Goods, an inspection of which is invited.

J. H. CAMP, Apothecary and Druggist.

FOR THE HAIR.

Burnett's Cocoaine, Sterling's Acid Cream, Mrs. Allen's Restorer, Cocoa Nut Hair Oil, Noble's Rose Hair Gloss, Lyon's Kathamion, Wood's Hair Restorative, Helme's Hair Dressing, Mrs. Allen's Zytholamum Pomade Philocome, Reef Marrow Pomade.

J. H. CAMP, Druggist.

PARINA, OAT MEAL.

Cox's Sparkling Gelatine, Cooper's Refined Shred Stringless Pearl barley, Rio Tapioca, Bermuda Arrow Root, Robinson's Patent Barley & Groat's Bakers' Pure Cocoa, Broma and Chocolate.

J. H. CAMP, Apothecary.

Amusements.

ROBINSON & HOWE'S



CHAMPION CIRCUS!

THE LARGEST & BEST

IN THE WORLD,

with the only

Great Living Horseman!

on either Hemisphere. The most wonderful Acrobats, prettiest Female Performers, funnier Clowns and Comedians, more Horses, Punks and Mules than any any concern ever organized, will visit

Janesville, Thursday, April 28th.

Performance afternoon and night. Doors open at 7 P. M. Amusements will commence one hour after sunset.

Admission—Free circle and Range 50 cents; children under ten years of age, 25 cents; Pitt, 25 cents. SEATS FOR EXHIBITION!

The following ticket articles will appear, both day and night, in scenes, acts and representations identical with those that created such a future for

Twenty-Eight Consecutive Weeks in the Garden City!

and I won for the establishment the title of the

BEST CIRCUS EVER IN CHICAGO!

JAMES ROBINSON!

Bar-back Equestrian, who has challenged any rider in the Universe to compete with him for \$10,000, will accomplish at every display his Sensational Pirouette Act.

MAD'LE ELISE,

Premiere Equestrienne, from the Cirque National, Paris, Royal Amphitheatre, London, and the Grand Circus, Havana, has been engaged for the season of 1864. The Four Wonderful Acrobats

Burrows, Kelly, Bordeaux and Carr!

In graphic and startling calisthenics, introducing the

DOUBLE TRAPEZE!

The Two Fearless Fiddlers, and the new Spanish Act, entitled "LOS DOS COMICOES."

J. H. LESTER, JOHN GLENNY, SAM RIVINGTON, C. DAVIS, ADOLPH GONZALEZ, W. BAKER, H. J. JONSON, MASTER CLURKE, Wm. HEFFRON, FRANK J. HOWES.

The Equestrian Spectacles and Pageants will be held by Madame Marguerite.

THE HUMORS OF THE HOUR will be given by the two celebrated Clowns, Albert F. Aymer and John L. Daymont.

Among the train of steeds which will command special attention will be the jet black Stallion,

"Gen. U. S. Grant!"

and the Champion White War Charger, "Gen. Geo. H. McClellan!"

Special Card!—The unapproachable ROBINSON will take a different act at each performance. The Champion Circus will travel by Railroad in a special train, chartered by the Management for convenience and dispatch.

The features of the Pavilion will present a new and imposing appearance, with the arena covered with rich Turkey Tapestry.

THE TWO COMIC MULES!

"Broad Gauge," and "Narrow Gauge" will invariably be introduced to enhance the interest of the exhibition. The Champion Circus will leave for Ballston, in a special train, on Monday morning at 11 o'clock, when the public will have an opportunity of seeing and hearing Peter's Mounted Cornet Band.

DR. R. P. JONES, Manager of Ballston, 41 ap26dw1

Biordan & Leech's Column.

NEW SPRING GOODS!

IMMENSE ARRIVALS

IN ALL THE

NOVELTIES OF THE SEASON!

—BY—

BIORDAN & LEECH!

Dress Goods! Dress Goods!

We are now in receipt of a

SPLENDID ASSORTMENT!

—OF—

NEW DRESS GOODS

of the latest importations, consisting of

Plain and Fig'd Alpacaes, Poplins and Ottomans, Silk Stripe, Roubaix, Tortoise Shell Plaids, Plaid Valenciennes Double Width, Broche and Fig'd Repps, Black and Colored Mohair Lustres,

together with an endless variety of

French and American Delaines!

of the very newest and choicest patterns.

CLOAKS AND SHAWLS!

Having made the Clock trade a specialty in our business, we take pleasure in calling attention to our present

EXTENSIVE STOCK!

consisting of the very latest designs in

CIRCULARS, SAQUES, &c,

all of which have been gotten up with acknowledged good taste, and which are certain to please even

THE MOST FASTIDIOUS!

We have constantly on hand a full supply of

CLOAKING CLOTHS!

in every shade of color, and a complete line of clock

ORNAMENTS AND TRIMMINGS!

which will be found on comparison considerably lower in price than at present offered by any house in this city.

Ladies' and Gent's Hosiery!

GLOVES, &c.

Ladies' and Gent's Handkerchiefs.

Embroidered Collars and Sets,

lace Veils, Grandiose Veils, Black and Colored Canes, Irish Linens, Linen Table Cloth, Napkins and Doilies.

WHITE GOODS!

consisting of Swiss Mulls, Sanssoucis, Jaconets, Tape Cloth and Stripes, all been over sewed, White and Colored Brilliants, Curtain Muslins, &c.

BOOTS AND SHOES!

CROCKERY!

Having been as usual early in the market, when goods were about 25 per cent. less than present rates, we are enabled to offer our customers inducements

Not to be Found Elsewhere!

In fact, our entire

SPRING STOCK!

was purchased previous to the late advance in

FOREIGN & DOMESTIC GOODS!

and being willing at all times to share with our patrons any advantage, it has been our good fortune to gain, we hereby tender

A CORDIAL INVITATION!

to all to examine

Our Varied and Extensive Stock!

and determine for themselves the truth of our assertions. Respectfully Submitted,

BIORDAN & LEECH.

Clothing.

NEW SPRING GOODS!

NOW READY

—AT—

ECHLIN & FOOTE'S!

English, French, Scotch and American,

Cloth Cassimeres & Vesting!

Comprising all the

NOVELTIES OF THE SEASON!

and in fact

THE LARGEST AND BEST

STOCK OF GOODS!

ever exhibited to the citizens of Janesville.

THE SPRING STYLES!

—ARR—

New and Beautiful!!

and we have all the facilities for doing the very best of work at the lowest possible prices.

22Mar24dw1 ECHLIN & FOOTE.

YOUNG AMERICA

CLOTHING HOUSE!

We have now on hand the largest stock of

CLOTHS! CASSIMERES!

VESTINGS, &c.,

ever brought to this market. The largest stock of

CLOTHING!

—FOR—

MEN AND BOYS!!

GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS!

HATS AND CAPS!

Dealing exclusively in

GOODS FOR MENS' WEAR

for the past fifteen years, I am enabled to

Offer Superior Inducements

to buyers. Trusting to receive

A Call From Every One!

I remain Respectfully,

22Mar24dw1 Young America Clothing House.

GET YOUR CLOTHES MADE

AT THE FASHIONABLE

CLOTHING EMPORIUM!

—OF—

ECHLIN & FOOTE!

Their Garments

FIT WELL! WEAR WELL!

And Give Good Satisfaction!

22Mar24dw1

McKEY & BRO.

ARE NOW RECEIVING

AN IMMENSE STOCK

of general dry goods from France, England, New York Boston and Philadelphia. Also a large stock of

MILLINERY,

at Wholesale. Also CLOTH CASSIMERE AND VESTINGS.

READY MADE CLOTHING,

Trimming and Furnishing Goods, at wholesale and retail.

McKey & Bro's Circular is now preparing, which will embrace the quantity, quality and price.

30Jan24dw1

PIANO FORTE AND ORGAN!

Mrs. S. FOORD

Will be happy to give instruction to those who may desire it.

PIANO FORTE AND ORGAN MUSIC

Harmony and Thorough Bass. Residence on Jackson street, three doors north of the Methodist church. Instructions given at the residence of her pupils if desired.

Janesville, Feb. 21, 1863. Feb24dw1

MILLINERY!

MRS. J. R. BEALE!

Will open on Tuesday, March 29th, a beautiful assortment of

MILLINERY GOODS!

Having secured the services of a New York Milliner, she is prepared to furnish all new styles of hats, at the lowest possible prices. Particular attention given to bleaching and remodelling straw goods. Rooms in Trafton's Block, opposite the Central Bank, first floor, entrance through the last store. Private entrance on Union street. 30Mar24dw1

UNITED STATES 10-40 BONDS!

The First National Bank,

of Janesville, a financial agent of the United States, is authorized by the Secretary of the Treasury to receive subscriptions for

THE 10-40 LOAN!

under the act of Congress of March 3d, 1861. These bonds are issued in sums of fifty dollars and upwards, redeemable at the pleasure of the Government after ten years, and payable forty years from March 1st, 1864.

Interest at 6 per cent per annum in GOLD, payable annually on bonds 100 or less, and semi-annually on larger bonds.

Subscriptions must be paid in Treasury notes or National Currency.

J. H. JOSE, Cashier.

PIANO FORTE! I have on exhibition at my Music Store, No. 2 Myer Block, some of the finest and cheapest PIANOS ever offered in this market, for sale cheap.

J. L. DARLING.

An avul which was being used as a cannon to celebrate the result of the election at Prescott, burst, instantly killing Frank Reese, a boy twelve years of age, and breaking a leg of John Gröver, whose life was in a critical condition.—The *Waukesha Democrat* says, a young man about 19 years of age, a son of Mr. Seger, of Powaukee, was severely wounded by the accidental discharge of a gun while in his own hands, on Thursday last. The entire charge of No. 4 shot entered the right arm just below the shoulder, crushing the bones of the arm and passing around under the shoulder blade.—Wm. Chapin, of Jefferson, was drowned in Rock River on the night of the 11th. So says the *Banner*.—Mr. T. D. Lindley, one of the editors of the *Watertown Republican*, has enlisted as a musician in the 11th Regiment. He is now at Camp Randall.—The *Lord Herald* says that while some men were at work excavating a well, a bucket, filled with gravel, became unhooked, and fell a distance of thirty feet, striking a M. Bates, seriously if not fatally injuring him.—Navigation on the Wolf River is open. The steamer *Eagle* has commenced regular trips between Oshkosh and Berlin.—The *Mauston Star* gives an account of a young man named John A. Thompson, a veteran soldier, belonging to Co. H, 22d Regiment, as having mysteriously disappeared on the night of the 6th inst. It appears that Thompson and three others were in the saloon of one Jas. Harold. They all drank heavily, and a quarrel and fight was the consequence, in which the saloon-keeper struck Thompson over the head with a revolver. Thompson walked out of the house, and since that time has not been seen.—A reward of five hundred dollars is offered for information of his whereabouts.—A Company of twenty-five persons, men, women and children, from Kenosha and Racine counties, are about to start for Idaho.—The *Beaver Dam Argus* says that H. B. Phelps, Agent for the Northwestern Flax Company, has received a letter from the company stating that they have determined to establish their factory in that city and will run it by steam, if a water power cannot be procured. The company have their machinery on the way from England, will erect a large building during the summer, and have their factory in running order in the fall.—The *Appleton Crescent* says that the Fox and Wisconsin Improvement Co.'s Canals will be open for navigation on the 20th of April. The company has carefully repaired all the locks and other works on the line of the river between Menasha and Green Bay during the past month, and everything pertaining thereto is in extra fine condition.—The *Oshkosh Courier* says the steamer *Berlin* City made her appearance at our docks, on Thursday evening last, direct from New London. She encountered some ice on her way down, but not enough to hinder her getting through. She came through the Cut Off, and by this means is enabled to commence her regular trips between Oshkosh and New London a week or more days earlier than she could if she had to wait the slow motion of Lake Poygan, which is still ice-bound. There is scarcely any ice in the Wolf River.—The *Polk County Press* states that several half-breed Chippewas, recruited for the 7th Wisconsin Regiment left for Madison. It says: "They are a hardy set used to taking it 'rough and ready' and will make accomplished soldiers. They all talk English, are of good size, and brave as lions."—The *Madison Journal* states that three boys were playing soldier in Westport—one giving the commands to the other two, whose names were Butler and Redy. During the performance, these boys, who had each a gun, were in a position facing each other, and while going through the manual of arms, at the command "fire," both having cocked their pieces, pulled trigger; and the contents of the gun of Redy entered the breast of young Butler, killing him almost instantly. It was not known to either party that the gun was loaded, and there is no intimation of injury imputed to young Redy, who is only about ten years old. Butler was fourteen, or thereabouts.

Rev. Mr. THOMAS, pastor of the First Unitarian church in Chicago, has turned out to be a wolf in sheep's clothing. He has been improperly intimate with a fashionable member of his flock and has left in disgrace. The *Chicago Journal* states that the Society which he was settled over, one of the wealthiest and most influential in Chicago, and, as might be expected, in fall of their clergyman has caused intense excitement.

—It was remarked by a clergyman, in Hartford, Connecticut, at the Methodist conference held there last week, that during the past year he officiated in two churches in New Haven county, in one of which there was not a democratic member and in the other not a republican.

HARD ON FREMONT.—The *New York Herald Times* thinks General Fremont is inclined to serve the Republican party try much as he does his hair.—i. e. part in the middle.

Mrs. CORWIN COMING HOME.—Gov. Corwin; Minister to Mexico, has procured leave to come home, and he writes as if he had but little expectation of going back. He now intends to start in about a month.

MR. B. H. SMITH retires from the Editorship of the *Bel Air Journal*, and is succeeded by Mr. A. Paice. If Mr. Paice makes good a paper as Mr. Smith did, he will give his hands full.

N-CONTRAL Vermont, the dryness of the season has interfered with the maple sugar crop, and it will hardly be as good as the

to the recent very fine speech of the
 u. R. Arnold, of Illinois, in the
 house of Representatives; on "Recon-
 struction," there occurs the following in-
 teresting group of incidents from the life
 of President Lincoln:

HIS TRAINING.

His previous training for his great work
 was not the training of the schools; it was
 better. It was a struggle with difficulties
 among the people. He had the foundation
 of perfect integrity, truth, candor, sobriety,
 self-control, reliance, modesty. With clear
 judgment, sound common sense, knowledge
 of human nature, he is the most American
 of Americans. He had served a single
 term in Congress, but his education, his
 preparation was such that the people in
 general and especially portions of a flat-bro-
 ken, a rail-splitter, a surveyor, a member
 of the Legislature in a frontier State, a
 lawyer in the log-cabin houses of the West.
 While he had no university schooling, few,
 any, have had a better training to de-
 velop and strengthen his intellectual pow-
 ers than he.

This may seem strange, but let me ex-
 plain, and its truth, will, I think, be con-
 firmed.

He was trained at a bar in a school
 where giants were his competitors, and he
 rose off the crown.

HIS COMPETITORS.

Some twenty years ago there gathered
 around the plain, pine tables of the front-
 er Court House of Central Illinois a very
 remarkable combination of men. Among
 them—and concededly their leader, was
 Abraham Lincoln; Stephen A. Douglas,
 his great political rival; Lyman Trum-
 bull, Chairman of the Judiciary Commit-
 tee of the Senate; E. D. Baker, the able,
 eloquent Senator, soldier and martyr
 for liberty; General James Shields, who
 on a high reputation at Washington and
 in the battle-fields of Mexico; General
 John J. Hardin, an able and eloquent
 lawyer, who fell on the bloody fields of
 Vicksburg; James A. McDougall, the
 present Senator from California; William
 A. Richardson, the present Senator from
 Illinois; and General John A. McCleer-
 and, now in the field. Besides these were
 the late Gov. Bissell, whose mainly vindic-
 cation of the bravery of the Illinois volun-
 teers in Mexico, against the aspersions of
 H. Davis—will be remembered—a vindi-
 cation in challenge from the traitor
 Davis, which was accepted by Bissell, but
 which Davis backed down, it is said,
 under the advice of General Taylor. These
 men, of national reputation, and others
 equally able, but whose pursuits have
 not confined at home, were the competi-
 tors with Lincoln. These were the men
 with whom Lincoln was trained. These
 were the men with whom Lincoln was trained
 the terrible ordeal which he is passing.
 THE TEST WITH MR. DOUGLAS.

The contest between Lincoln and Douglas
 in 1858, was the most remarkable in
 American history. They were the un-
 acknowledged leaders each of his party.
 Both men of great and marked individ-
 uality of character. The prize was the
 leadership of the great State of Illinois,
 and the success of the Democratic or Re-
 publican party; Douglas had the addi-
 tional stimulant of the Presidency in view.
 These two trained leaders met, at designa-
 ted places, and, in the presence of the
 immense crowds of people, debated the
 great questions at issue.

Douglas went through this campaign
 as a conquering hero. He had his spe-
 cial train of cars, his band of music, his
 guard of devoted friends, a cannon
 in the train, the firing of which announ-
 ced his approach to the place of meet-
 ing. Such a canvass involved, necessarily, very
 great expenditures, and it has been said
 that Douglas did not expend less than
 \$100,000 at this canvass. Some idea of
 the plain, simple, frugal habits of Mr.
 Lincoln may be gathered, when it is re-
 membered that at his close, having occupied several
 months, Mr. Lincoln said, with the idea,
 apparently, that he had been somewhat
 extravagant "I do not believe I have ex-
 pended less than \$500 in this canvass."

Senator Douglas was at the time leading
 actor in the United States Senate. He
 had been accustomed to meet for years in
 Congress the trained leaders of the nation,
 and never, either in single combat or tak-
 ing the fire of a whole party, had he been
 defeated. He was bold, defiant, confi-
 dent, aggressive; fertile in resources, ter-
 rific in denunciation, familiar with politi-
 cal history, practiced in all controversial
 discussion, of indomitable physical and
 moral courage, and unquestionably the
 most formidable man in the nation on the
 stump. The friends of Mr. Lincoln were
 met with misgivings when the challenge
 was given and accepted for a campaign
 by Douglas on the stump.

Mr. Lincoln was cool, candid, truthful,
 candid, never betrayed into an unfair state-
 ment; and it was wonderful how in these
 discussions, as in every other act of his
 public life, he has impressed the people
 with his honesty and fairness. Every-
 thing of these debates went away with
 conviction, whatever his political
 views, "Lincoln believes what he says; he
 is candid, and he would not mis-state a
 fact, or take an unfair advantage to secure
 triumph." He had one advantage over
 Douglas—he was always good humored, he
 was always his apt story for illustration,
 while Douglas was sometimes irrita-
 ble and would lose his temper, Lincoln
 never lost his.

Douglas carried away the most popular
 actor, but Lincoln made the deeper and
 lasting impression. Douglas did not
 obtain an immediate triumph, while Lin-
 coln looked for a permanent conviction.
 Douglas addressed the feelings and ad-
 dressed with a power and boldness
 surpassed. Lincoln stated his propo-
 sitions and proved their truth with inexor-
 able logic. Douglas carried the major-
 ity of the Legislature of Illinois, but Lincoln
 secured the Senatorship, but Lin-
 coln gained the Presidency. The wonder-
 ful endurance of these men, both of iron
 constitutions, was strikingly manifest
 in this contest. But at its close, Doug-
 las would not articulate clearly for some
 time, while Lincoln's voice was clearer,
 stronger, and he himself was in better
 health at the end than he was at the be-
 ginning of the contest.

His friends of each of these great lead-
 ers claimed the victory. All must admit
 that each met in his antagonist a foe more
 worthy of his steel.

The nomination of Mr. Lincoln to the
 Presidency came to him unthought and un-
 looked for. The great leaders of nation
 have struggled by their powerful friends
 and organizations for the nomination at
 home. Mr. Lincoln remained quietly
 at home in Springfield, pursuing the
 course of his quiet, simple life, and
 his presidency sought him, he did not go
 to seek it. Many have seen in the ex-
 er in which he was called to the Ex-
 ecutive Mansion the finger of Providence.

If you would be free from sin, fly
 from him; he that does not endeavor to
 the one, cannot expect Providence to
 him from the other. If the first
 of all were quenched, there would
 flame; for how can he kill who

Keep my letters, and occasionally during autumn or winter days, in his hiding-place for a twelve-month, little old trunk built for generations on his loom in the family, and, after he had been laid out, buried within its black sides, half the day in walking with friends, the dreamy paths that he trod. What care he thought that his letters would be lost?—and he signed and waved their branches—supplication for quiet and their declining years, and the slight merrily as the chilling through them and stay not to their graceful leaves as did not the wind, but from the back from the cellar, to garret, and ascending, through the valance of the unusual tumult. I can find fire and these old letters in a grand re-union; and the necessary has made me oblivious of the world to-day.

Packets yellow with time that in the stillness of a winter's moon opened and counted thro' the tear-drop's thoughts of school come with gentle counsels and visitors after health came linked familiar ways. The need arose to improvement of time and money a home advice as to the of a garment, and questions or others will last through the coming years of comfort and long assurances of love and fond being among the dear ones, written in the intention of lightening the home-sickness, but from their news adding much there—all the familiar and bold words, and a sign of the hastily written, called again into consciousness.

Packages of later origin, each with the inevitable stamp—letters and tried friends, worth their gold; letters of confidence, late of words of cheer for darkest hours; for vain thoughts and broodings; essays on politics and my, to prove the wisdom of and the patience of the reader; craft laden with bullast and their misuses crossed and are reminded of the ill-sewing-machines' unrelaxable letters of poetry; pressed down letters. Oh, he that has no trunk stowed away in a corner ready to pull out on such a moon day as this, never knows the comfort of old letters from family friends.

From a pet school-mas-son in twelve years seemed to the experience and wisdom of at twenty-five with the grace of childhood, and to have to call of the Father with presence gathered in her short career. Safely it is punctuated for the critical eye, and with what make the strong fingers tried to make long lines that would go my way; how after the master to his studies, he writes him "gratified," to do nothing to dis-tinguish the sound title of Senior; the silken meshes of love's mixtures in occasionally, burning of her last and newest study, chosen French phrases, setting more fully the beauty and purified-English.

Of course. That packet there, none of these bound strings or rubber bands, but with a blue ribbon, a little with the late lights of which a dizziness burns souls of the old wondering whether or not contemptibly selfish and See how the rollicking words cover the tinted page to the sweetest music that ever the human life: with what hands with their coquish and tip-toe on as the delicious and sink. See these great up-down T's and P's come rolling, staggering with the amount that has mounted to their they had drunk too deeply of wine of Love; while here and or an X with its feet planted to withstand with their sober march of its thoughtless

run through the packet is having a grand gala-day—fully B's neatly spritz in his daughter—and poor commoners dressed with most becoming. But stop! here are some of the packages that look down on downcast. The big caparot-jackets, and the little are as demure, as stealthy—black nuns. 'Tis too much to see them up again and lay in their corner; and, reader, the little black trunk to its will I can see more clearly—so suddenly these winter it still the storm blows less in the big chimney and sends fillings through every crevice I show you more of its

SHAKESPEARE STORY.—Between the Red Mountain and Bridge Valley of the Tennessee, miles of dead mules, in one line; the dead of the first in the "quarter-deck" of the gun, and so on, throughout same. Just imagine a column of sufficient magnitude to fill up as they now lie, and the remains of a future Arkansas (military) researchers; the ground, and attempts to remove the "snake." Won't it be off the scarions of the di- Twenty-five miles of every podal arrangements every that a bull's-eye-show for a It will probably be called porophorend of the Rebellion session ten cents—Pence price.—*Chattanooga Ga-*

OF OUR ARMIES.—When the army are filed, there will in the field supporting the Rebels seem to know our forces, and tell their campaign is to be carried on singly, but that Grant or Grant will be captured; and, and in no wise be captured on advantage; against the Rebels. Besides, there is Union soldiers to equal one of years' experience in the war approved the Yankees fight a Rebel estimation there the preponderance will be other side.

at Franklin N. H., was

REMOVAL!
J. JOHNSON has removed to Junction and
Building, over the Hook County Bank
I will wait upon his friends and customers in
of dentistry. Dec 24

REMOVAL!
P. KENDLER has removed his Dental
his new block of Jenkins & Store, first floor
store of Jenkins & Store, where he will attend
in his profession. ap26d4w

NERVOUS DISEASES
PHYSICAL DEBILITY, arising from specific
social, sexual,—new and reliable treatment, in-
to the TOWARD ASSOCIATION—scientific and
velopes, free of charge. Address, Dr. J.
EDMUNDSON, Howard Association, No. 2
street, Philadelphia, Pa. 34

COUGHS AND COLDS.
in changes of our climate are sources of
BROUCCHE and ASPHATATE AFFECTIONS
has proven that simple remedies often
when taken in the early stages of the dis-
should at once be had to "Broucche's
" or "Lungs" let the Cold, Cough, or
or throat be so very slight, as by its in-
serious attack may be effectively ward-
off. SPARKERS and SPARKERS will find their
clearing and strengthening the voice. Sold
have them, as they can be carried in the
taken as occasion requires. ap14wlm

MAN'S MAGNOLIA BALM.
most delightful and extraordinary article
it contains the most beautiful face and
poorly entia texture of revolving beauty
no marbling purity of youth and the *distinguish-*
no having in the city bells of fashion. It
the face, pimples and eruptions from the
of the complexion fresh, transparent and
contains no material injurious to the skin.
by Astor and Open Springs. It is a
could have. Sold every where.
DEMAR'S BARNES & CO.,
General Agents, 232 Broadway,
New York

HAIR DYE! HAIR DYE!
A CELEBRATED HAIR DYE is the best in the
only hairdressing, True and Reliable Dye
its splendid Hair Dye is perfect—changes
or Gray Hair, instantly to a *Glorious Black*
without injuring the hair or scalp.
leaving the hair soft and beautiful, im-
proving the H. effects of bad dyes. The gen-
eral of WILLIAM A. BARNES, all others are
false, and should be avoided. Sold by all
Pharmacies—St Barclay St, N. Y. BARNES
F. CHERRY CRIST for Dressing the Hair.

**X-X-DRAKE'S PLANTATION
BITTERS.**
a healthy appetite, of water and diet.
some effects of desipation and late hours,
the system and calms the mind.
ent miasmatic and intermittent fever.
the breath and acidity of the stomach.
Dyspepsia and Constipation.
Diarrhoea, Cholera and Cholera Morbus.
Liver Complaint and Nervous Headache.
the most Perfect in the world. They make
strong, and are exhumated nature: great
of any made of pure St. Croix Rum, the
the hair, roots and herbs, and are the
best for the hair, without regard to
color. Particularly recommended to de-
fects of the scalp, and to persons
of the hair, and the scalp. Sold by all
and way, New York. 12wavgwly.

DR. KATHAIRON.
KATHAIRON—Kathairon is from the Greek
"or Kathairon." This signifies to cleanse,
and "Kathairon." This is what its name
preserving, restoring, and beautifying
it, is the most remarkable preparation
It is again owned and put up by the
factor, and is now made with the same
at attention which gave it a sale of over
million per annum.
delighted their Praise.
of cure and doctored.
is head, cool and clean.
be hair rich, soft and glossy,
the hair from falling off and turning
under upon bald heads.
gentleman who values a beautiful head
use Lyon's Kathairon. It is known and
the civilized world. Sold by all re-
DEMAR'S BARNES & CO.,
Proprietors, New York.

**INSURANCE CO.,
ST. LOUIS, MO.**

of Insurance Worth Having!
the date of the 23d of February, the brick
and their *Prize* *Prize* Co., "in
was turned to the ground. The
of \$50,000 on the (the) process and ma-
of the *Prize* Co. of the has been
the General Agency Office in Cincinnati
on the same day, Mr. Schuyler, the full
of the *Prize* Co. received a draft for the
policy as well as to be seen by the following

CINCINNATI, O. Feb. 26th, 1864.
THE CINCINNATI INSURANCE COMPANY,
of Cincinnati, Ohio, to the
Company, the sum of FIVE THOUSAND
dollars in full of all claims and demands
made upon them, and to be paid to the
Agency of the said Company, the loss
of destruction of Printing Shop, on Feb.
11th, 1864, for the *Prize* Co.,
E. L. SCHUYLER for *Prize* Co.,
Agent, St. Louis.

**BEST IS
CHEAPEST!**
Insurance With The
INSURANCE CO.,
ST. LOUIS, MO.

and Inland Navigation
as before, at fair rates and
conducted With
and accuracy.
Always Met With
complete justice.

ETS, JANUARY, 1864.
202,556.39!
Plan and Organization
for 30 years severe trial, has realized
the advantages and success of the vari-
ous forms of insurance in the country. Is now
renewed for duty.

Less Claims Have Been
SIXTEEN MILLIONS OF DOLLARS.
Consumption of Property
United States averages over \$100,000
property exposed and unprotected?

Insured? If Not,
it is trifling; the duty is manifest;
your own ruin—bankruptcy, poverty
inevitable.

ular Attention and

DRUGGATE'S HONEY SOAP.

Druggate's Toilet Soap, is such universal
praised from the choicest materials,
and is so extremely beneficial in its action.
For sale by all Druggists and Pan-
driers and Medicines.

D. MIRRORS,

The Infant Hair Brushes,
Male Hair Brushes,
Earl Inland Hair Brushes,
Rubber-Fine Combs,
Rubber Dressing Combs,
Circular Combs,
Dressing Combs,
Tooth Brushes,
Nail and Nail Brushes,
Tooth and Basting Brushes,
Shaving Brushes,
Blow's Genuine Extract,
Blow's Toilet Soap,
Druggate's Toilet Soap,
Toilet Soap,
Tooth Soap,
Toilet Powders and Puffs,
Morocco Wallets,
Blackskin Furses,
Morocco Traveling Bags,
Razors and Stroops,
Bathing and Carriage Sponges.

J. H. CAMP,
Apothecary and Druggist.

THE HAIR.

Druggate's Cocaine.
Allen's Restorer.
On Nut Hair Oil.
The Rose Hair Gloss.
The Hair Restorative.
Druggate's Hair Dressing.
Allen's Phylodermum
and Zyclozole
Marrow Pomade

J. H. CAMP,
Druggist.

NA, OAT MEAL

Sparkling Gelatine
Barley, Rio Tapioca,
Arrow Root,
Patent Barley & Groat's
Pure Cocoa,
Chocolate

J. H. CAMP,
Apothecary.

Amusements.

MASON & HOWE'S



CHAMPION CIRCUS!

LARGEST & BEST

IN THE WORLD,

with the only

Living Horseman!

The most wonderful Acrobats,
Clowns, Performers, Jugglers and Comedians,
Horses and Mules than any other
circus, will visit

Saturday, April 28th.

In afternoon and night. Doors open at
7 o'clock. Entertainment will commence one
hour after dark.

Box Seats and Range 50 cents; children
cents; age 25 cents; Pig 25 cents.
No admission for children under 10 years of age.

Our combined articles will appear, both day
and night, and representations identical
those created since a future for

**Night Consecutive Weeks in
the Garden City!**

for the establishment of the title of the

CIRCUS EVER IN CHICAGO!

ES. ROBINSON!

Aristocrat, who has challenged any rider
to compete with him for \$15,000.
At every display his Sensational Circus

D'LE ELISE,

Acrobat, from the Cirque Nationale,
Paris, France, who has been engaged for the season of 1894.
Wonderful Acrobats

Kelly, Bordeau and Carr!

Introducing the

DOUBLE TRAPEZE!

Four Fiddlers, and the new Spanish Act,
SOMOS.

JOHN GLENNEY,
SAM BENNETT,
ANGLO GONZALES,
R. JOHNSON,
Wm. HOFFMAN,
FRANK J. HOWE,
In Spenders and Hoppers will be led
separately.

THE GREAT HOPE will be given by
acrobats, Albert F. Aymer and
Port.

Continued steeds which will command spec-
tacularity will be the jet black Stallion,
"Gen. U. S. Grant!"

Champion White War Charger,
"Geo. B. McClellan!"

The unsurpassable ROBIN-
SON will travel by Railroad in a special
car for the Management for convenience

The Pavilion will present a neat and
convenient, with the arena covered with rich
green grass.

TWO COMIC MULES!

"Two Comic Mules!"

NEW SPRING GOODS
IMMENSE ARRIVALS
 IN ALL THICK
NOVELTIES OF THE SEASON
 —OF—
RIORDAN & LEECH
Dress Goods ! Dress Goods
 We are now in receipt of a
SPLENDID ASSORTMENT
 —OF—
NEW DRESS GOODS
 of the latest importations, consisting of
 Plain
 and Fig'd Alpaccas,
 Poplins and Ottomanes, Silk
 Stripe Roubaix, Tortoise Shell Plain
 Plaid Valenciennes, Double Width
 Broche and Fig'd Repps,
 Black and Colored
 Mohair Lustres,
 together with an endless variety of
French and American DeLaines
 of the very newest and choicest patterns.
 —
CLOAKS AND SHAWLS
 Having made the Cloak trade a speciality in
 business, we take pleasure in calling attention to
 the present
EXTENSIVE STOCK
 consisting of the very latest designs in
CIRCULARS, SAQUES, &
 all of which have been gotten up with acknowledged
 taste, and which are certain to please every
THE MOST FASTIDIOUS
 We have constantly on hand a full supply of
CLOAKING CLOTHS
 in every shade of color, and a complete line of cloaks
ORNAMENTS AND TRIMMINGS
 which will be found on comparison considerably lower
 price than at present offered by any house in the
 city.
Ladies' and Gent's Hosiery
GLOVES, &c.
Ladies' and Gent's Handkerchiefs
Embroidered Collars and Sets,
 to Veils, Greening Veils, Black and Colored Cranes
 and Stripes, Dotted Swisses, White and Colored
 Linens, Linen Table Cloths, Napkins and Delaines
WHITE GOODS!
 consisting of Swiss Mulls, Nanooks, Jaconets, Tapes
 and Stripes, Dotted Swisses, White and Colored
 Linens, Linen Table Cloths, Napkins and Delaines,
 Curtains, Linings, &c.
FOOTS AND SHOES!
CROCKERY!
 Having been so usual early in the market, when
 was about 25 per cent. less than present rates, we
 are enabled to offer our customers inducements
to be Found Elsewhere!
 In fact, our entire
SPRING STOCK!
 was purchased previous to the late advance in
FOREIGN & DOMESTIC GOODS:
 being willing at all times to share with our pat-
 rons any advantage it has been our good fortune to
 be heretofore tender
CORDIAL INVITATION!
 to all to examine

NEW SPRING GOODS!

NOW READY

—AT—

ECHLIN & FOOTE'S

English, French, Scotch and American

Cloth Cassimeres & Vestings

Comprising all the

NOVELTIES OF THE SEASON

and in fact

THE LARGEST AND BEST

STOCK OF GOODS!

ever exhibited to the citizens of Janesville.

THE SPRING STYLES!

—ARE—

New and Beautiful!

and we have all the facilities for doing the very best
of work at the lowest possible prices.

226m7dawtf ECHLIN & FOOTE.

YOUNG AMERICA

CLOTHING HOUSE!

We have now on hand the largest stock of

CLOTHS! CASSIMERES

VESTINGS, &C.,

ever brought to this market. The largest stock of

CLOTHING!

—FOR—

MEN AND BOYS!

GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS

HATS AND CAPS!

Dealing exclusively in

GOODS FOR MENS' WEAR

for the past fifteen years, I am enabled to

Offer Superior Inducements

to buyers. Trusting to receive

A Call From Every One

I Remain Respectfully,

M. Harsh,
226m7dawtf Young America Clothing House.

GET YOUR CLOTHES MADE

AT THE FASHIONABLE

CLOTHING EMPORIUM

—OF—

ECHLIN & FOOTE!

Their Garments

FIT WELL! WEAR WELL!

And Give Good Satisfaction!

263m7dawtf

McKEY & BRO.

ARE NOW RECEIVING

AN IMMENSE STOCK

of general dry goods from France, England, New York
Boston and Philadelphia. Also a large stock of

MILLINERY,

At Wholesale. Also CLOTH CASSIMERE AND
263m7dawtf

READY MADE CLOTHING,

Furnishings and Furnishing Goods, at wholesale and
retail.

McKey & Bro's Circular is now preparing, which
will embrace the quantity, quality and price.

263m7dawtf

PIANO FORTE AND ORGAN!

Mrs. S. FOORD

Will be happy to give instruction to those who may
desire it, in

PIANO FORTE AND ORGAN MUSIC

Harmony and Thorough Bass. Residence on Jackson
street, three doors south of the Methodist church.

N. B. Instruction given at the residence of her pu-
pil, entrance on River street.

Janesville, Feb. 21, 1864. feb24dly

MILLINERY!

MRS. J. R. BEALE!

Will open on Tuesday, March 29th, a beautiful as-
ortment of

MILLINERY GOODS!

Having secured the services of a New York Milliner,
she is prepared to furnish all new desirable styles, and
the lowest possible prices. Particular attention
will be bestowed on remodelling straw goods.

Rooms in Fullman's Block, opposite the Central
Hotel, first door, entrance through the hat store. Pri-
vate entrance on River street. Subscrib

UNITED STATES 10-40 BONDS!

The First National Bank,

Janesville, a financial agent of the United States, is
authorized by the Secretary of the Treasury to re-
ceive subscriptions for

THE 10-40 LOAN!

Under the act of Congress of March 24, 1864.

These bonds are issued in sums of fifty dollars and
therefore, redeemable at the pleasure of the Govern-
ment at after ten years, and payable forty years from
date of issue.

Interest at 5 percent per annum in GOLD, payable
monthly on bonds \$100 or less, and semi-annually on
larger bonds.

Subscriptions must be paid in Treasury notes or 20-

Legal Advertisements.

THE COURT, Rock County.—
Ewan agt. Jane Fraser, administratrix

[illegible][illegible][illegible][illegible][illegible]

RAILWAY.

TRIP ARRANGEMENTS.

On Jan 1 will call at and after December 10th,

at Chien at	12:35 P M
at	7:10 P M
at	6:00 A M
at	2:35 P M
at	4:15 P M

will arrive at Jamestown, as follows:

at	8:00 P M
at	6:50 P M
at Chien at	7:30 A M
at	4:00 P M
at	10:25 A M

W. R. STRONG,
Gen'l Ag't Sun. Wk. Div'n.

CHICAGO & NORTHWESTERN
RAILWAY.

WINTER ARRANGEMENTS.

On Monday, Nov. 16th, trains leave James-
town as follows:

to	7:45 A. M.
to	3:45 P. M.
to	12:40 A. M.
to	1:25 P. M.
to	4:45 P. M.
to	12:40 A. M.
to	8:45 A. M.
to	6:15 P. M.
to	6:45 A. M.
to	10:15 P. M.

M. E. PATTERSON, Asst. P.

NEW YORK: BAYARD DANA, Postage City, Waver-
ley, St. Paul and all points northwest: for-
ford, Freeport, Galena, Dunfield and all
Tickets for all the principal points east
or sale at the passenger depot.
GEO. L. BEETLE, Ticket Agent.

RECEIVED.—At the Janes-
bury Emporium, another large invoice of
celebrated Gold Pens.

O. J. DEARBORN,

NEW YORK: BAYARD DANA, Postage City, Waver-
ley, St. Paul and all points northwest: for-
ford, Freeport, Galena, Dunfield and all
Tickets for all the principal points east
or sale at the passenger depot.
GEO. L. BEETLE, Ticket Agent.

